

Employee Group Benefits
UNDERWRITTEN BY
SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

F5, Inc.

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Welcome to Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada (“Sun Life”). Sun Life is pleased to be your Employer’s insurance carrier for the benefits provided in the Group Policy. The description of Eligible Classes in the Benefit Highlights will help you determine what benefits apply to you.

The booklet is intended to provide a summarized explanation of the current Group Policy Benefits. However, the Group Policy is the document which forms Sun Life's contract to provide benefits. If the terms of the booklet and the Group Policy differ, the Group Policy will govern. A complete copy of the Group Policy is in the possession of your Employer and is available for your review. In the event of any changes in benefits or Group Policy provisions, you will be provided with a new booklet or a supplement which describes any changes.

Possession of this booklet does not necessarily mean you are insured under the Group Policy. The requirements for becoming eligible for insurance and the dates your insurance begins or ceases are explained within this booklet.

This booklet uses insurance terms and phrases that are listed in the Definitions Section.

For information, call the Sun Life Group Customer Service Center toll free at (800) 247-6875.

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BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

ELIGIBLE CLASSES

All Full-Time Regular United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to work at least 30 hours per week.

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE

60% (Benefit Percentage) of your Total Monthly Earnings, not to exceed the Maximum Monthly Benefit, less Other Income Benefits.

- the **Maximum Monthly Benefit** is: \$15,000.

Note: your amount of insurance is also subject to reductions for your employment earnings.

The **Minimum Monthly Benefit** is \$100 or 10% of the Gross Monthly Benefit, whichever is greater.

Elimination Period

(The period of time you need to be continuously Totally or Partially Disabled before LTD benefits are payable)

90 days, or the end of your Short Term Disability Maximum Benefit Period, whichever is later.

Maximum Benefit Period

(The longest period of time Sun Life will pay you an LTD benefit while you are Totally or Partially Disabled)

Your Maximum Benefit Period is the period shown below or your Normal Retirement Age under the 1983 amendments to the Federal Social Security Act, whichever is longer.

Age at Disability

Maximum Benefit Period

Less than age 60

To age 65, but not less than 60 months

60

60 Months

61

48 Months

62

42 Months

63

36 Months

64

30 Months

65

24 Months

66

21 Months

67

18 Months

68

15 Months

69 and over

12 Months

BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS

<u>Year of Birth</u>	<u>Normal Retirement Age</u>
Before 1938	Age 65
1938	Age 65 and 2 months
1939	Age 65 and 4 months
1940	Age 65 and 6 months
1941	Age 65 and 8 months
1942	Age 65 and 10 months
1943 through 1954	Age 66
1955	Age 66 and 2 months
1956	Age 66 and 4 months
1957	Age 66 and 6 months
1958	Age 66 and 8 months
1959	Age 66 and 10 months
After 1959	Age 67

Total Monthly Earnings

Your basic monthly earnings as reported by your Employer immediately prior to the first date Total or Partial Disability begins. Total Monthly Earnings includes commissions, Management By Objective (MBO) or Customer Satisfaction bonuses and deductions made for pre-tax contributions to a qualified deferred compensation plan, Section 125 plan, or flexible spending account, but does not include income received due to other bonuses, overtime pay or any other extra compensation. If your current monthly earnings includes commissions, Management By Objective (MBO) or Customer Satisfaction bonuses, your commissions, Management By Objective (MBO) or Customer Satisfaction bonuses will be averaged over the previous 12 month period of employment prior to the first date Total or Partial Disability begins or averaged from your date of employment, whichever is less.

BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS

WAITING PERIOD

(The period of time you must be employed in an Eligible Class before you can apply for benefits)

None

CONTRIBUTIONS

The cost of your Long Term Disability Income Insurance is paid for entirely by your Employer. This is your non-contributory insurance.

The following Questions and Answers will help you to better understand your benefits.

Please read them carefully and refer any questions to your Employer or call the Sun Life Group Customer Service Center toll free at 1-800-247-6875.

ELIGIBILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

When am I eligible for insurance?

If you are in an Eligible Class shown in the Benefit Highlights, you are eligible on the later of:

- October 1, 2012; or
- January 1, 2020 for All Eligible former Employees of NGINX, Inc. hired prior to January 1, 2020; or
- October 1, 2020 for All Eligible former Employees of Shape Security, Inc.; or
- April 1, 2021 for All Eligible former Employees of Volterra, Inc.; or
- your first day of employment.

When does my insurance start?

Your insurance starts on the date you are eligible, if you are Actively at Work on that date.

What if I am not Actively at Work on that date?

If you are not Actively at Work on the date your insurance would normally start, your insurance will not start until you are Actively at Work.

When do changes in my amount of insurance occur?

If your amount of insurance increases, your increase will take effect immediately upon the date of change, as long as you are Actively at Work on that date.

If your amount of insurance decreases, your decrease will take effect immediately upon the date of change for salary changes.

If you are not Actively at Work on the date an increase in your insurance would normally start, the increase in your insurance will not start until you are Actively at Work.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

When does my insurance cease?

Your insurance ceases on the earliest of:

- the date the Group Policy terminates.
- the date you are no longer in an Eligible Class.
- the date your class is no longer included for insurance.
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid for your insurance.
- the last day of the month in which you retire.
- the date you request in writing to terminate your insurance.
- the date you enter active duty in any armed service during a time of war (declared or undeclared).
- the last day of the month in which your employment terminates.
- the date you cease to be Actively at Work.

Are there any conditions under which my insurance can continue?

Yes.

Your insurance will continue during any Elimination Period or any period the premium for your insurance is waived under the Group Policy.

If you are on temporary layoff, leave of absence or vacation, your Employer may continue your insurance by paying the required premium for the length of time specified below.

Layoff - up to 3 months.

Leave of Absence – up to 6 months (including Family and Medical Leave of Absences.)

Vacation – up to 3 months

You may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage pursuant to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended or continue coverage pursuant to a state required continuation period (if any). You should contact your Employer for more details.

You may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage pursuant to the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA). You should contact your Employer for more details.

If your insurance would normally terminate because of a labor dispute, then your insurance may be continued subject to the following conditions:

- your Employer must have paid all or a part of the insurance premium under the Group Policy.
- you must remit the premium to your Employer before each Premium Due Date. Your Employer will submit the total premium to Sun Life on each Premium Due Date. This premium is based on the current premium rate in force when the labor dispute commenced. Sun Life has the right to change this premium.

This continuation of insurance will terminate on the earliest of the following dates:

- the date you fail to make any premium payment to your Employer to continue your insurance;
- the date your Employer fails to make any premium payment to Sun Life;
- the date you begin work for your Employer or any other employer;
- the date the labor dispute ends;
- the date 6 months following commencement of the labor dispute;
- the date your Employer does not furnish any data requested by Sun Life.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

What is the Long Term Disability Benefit?

Long Term Disability Benefits (LTD) partially replace your income if you become Totally or Partially Disabled while insured.

When do LTD benefits become payable?

Sun Life will pay a monthly LTD benefit after the end of your Elimination Period, if Sun Life receives proof that you are:

- Totally or Partially Disabled due to an Injury or Sickness; and
- under the regular and continuing care of a Physician that provides appropriate treatment and regular examination and testing in accordance with your disabling condition.

What conditions must be met for LTD benefits to continue?

Sun Life will pay you an LTD benefit, up to the Maximum Benefit Period, if you provide proof that you continue to be Totally or Partially Disabled and you require the regular and continuing care of a Physician. You need to provide proof when Sun Life asks for it, but the proof is at your expense. You need to provide Sun Life with proof of your monthly earnings (if applicable) on a quarterly basis.

What is the Total Disability Benefit?

If you are Totally Disabled, your Net Monthly Benefit will be calculated based on the Total Disability Benefit formula. You will qualify for this benefit if:

- you are not working or you are working but you are earning less than 20% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings; and
- during your Elimination Period and the next 24 months, you, because of your Injury or Sickness, are unable to perform the Material and Substantial Duties of your Own Occupation.

After Total or Partial Disability LTD benefits combined have been paid to you for 24 months, you will continue to qualify for this benefit if you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity any Gainful Occupation for which you are or become reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience.

How is the Total Disability Benefit calculated?

To determine your Total Disability Benefit:

1. Take the lesser of:
 - a. your Total Monthly Earnings multiplied by the Benefit Percentage (shown in the Benefit Highlights); or
 - b. your Maximum Monthly Benefit (shown in the Benefit Highlights); then
2. Subtract Other Income Benefits from the amount determined in Step 1.

What is the Partial Disability Benefit?

If you are Partially Disabled, your Net Monthly Benefit will be calculated based on the Partial Disability Benefit formula. You will qualify for this benefit if:

- you are working and have Disability Earnings of more than 20% but less than 80% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings; and
- during your Elimination Period and the next 24 months, you, because of your Injury or Sickness, are unable to perform the Material and Substantial Duties of your Own Occupation.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

After Total or Partial Disability LTD benefits combined have been paid to you for 24 months, you will continue to qualify for this benefit if you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity any Gainful Occupation for which you are or become reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience and you have Disability Earnings of less than 60% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings.

How is the Partial Disability Benefit calculated?

To determine your Partial Disability Benefit for the first 24 months of your Partial Disability:

1. add your Disability Earnings and income received from Other Income Benefits to the Total Disability Benefit.
2. if this sum is more than 100% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings, subtract the amount in excess of 100% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings from your Total Disability Benefit. This result is your Partial Disability Benefit; or

if the sum is less than 100% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings, your Partial Disability Benefit is your Total Disability Benefit.

If you continue to be Partially Disabled after 24 months of Partial Disability Benefits, your Partial Disability Benefit will be recalculated based on the following formula:

(A divided by B) multiplied by C

where:

A = your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings minus your monthly Disability Earnings.

B = your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings.

C = your Total Disability Benefit.

What are Other Income Benefits?

Other Income Benefits are those benefits provided or available to you while your monthly LTD benefit is payable. These Other Income Benefits, other than retirement benefits, must be provided to you as a result of the same Total or Partial Disability payable under the Group Policy. Other Income Benefits include:

1. The amount you are eligible for under:
 - a. Workers' Compensation Law; or
 - b. Occupational Disease Law; or
 - c. Unemployment Compensation Law; or
 - d. Compulsory Benefit Act or Law; or
 - e. an automobile no-fault insurance plan; or
 - f. any other act or law of like intent.
2. The Railroad Retirement Act (including any dependent benefits).
3. Any labor management trustee, union or employee benefit plans that are funded in whole or in part by your Employer.
4. Any disability income benefits you are eligible for under:
 - a. any other group insurance plan of your Employer;
 - b. any governmental retirement system as a result of your job with your Employer.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

5. The benefits you receive under your Employer's Retirement Plan as follows:
 - a. any disability benefits;
 - b. the Employer-paid portion of any retirement benefits.(Disability benefits that reduce your accrued Retirement Benefit will be treated as a retirement benefit. Retirement benefits do not include any amount rolled over or transferred to any other retirement plan as defined in Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.)
6. The disability or retirement benefits under the United States Social Security Act, or any similar plan or act, as follows:
 - a. Disability benefits you are eligible to receive.
 - b. Disability benefits your spouse, child or children are eligible to receive because of your Total or Partial Disability, unless the dependent benefits are paid directly to your divorced spouse or to your children in custody of your divorced spouse.
 - c. Retirement benefits received by you.
 - d. Retirement benefits your spouse, child or children receive because of your receipt of retirement benefits, unless the dependent benefits are paid directly to your divorced spouse or to your children in custody of your divorced spouse.

If your Total or Partial Disability begins after your Social Security Normal Retirement Age, your Social Security Retirement Benefits will not be offset if, prior to your Total or Partial Disability, you were already receiving Social Security Retirement Benefits.

7. The amount you receive from any accumulated sick leave.
8. Any salary continuation paid to you by your Employer which causes your Net Monthly Benefit, plus Other Income Benefits and any salary continuation, to exceed 100% of your Total Monthly Earnings. The amount in excess of 100% of your Total Monthly Earnings will be used to reduce your Net Monthly Benefit.
9. Any amount you receive due to income replacement or lost wages paid to you by compromise, settlement or other method as a result of a claim for any Other Income Benefit.
10. Any amount you receive from a voluntary separation of employment agreement from your Employer including severance pay or any other income settlement of an employment contract.

Other Income Benefits will include any amount described above which would have been available to you had you applied for that benefit.

What if I receive payment of Other Income Benefits in a lump sum?

If you receive a lump sum payment for any Other Income Benefits, Sun Life will prorate the lump sum on a monthly basis over the time period specified for the lump sum payment. If no time period is stated, the lump sum payment will be prorated on a monthly basis over a reasonable period of time as determined by Sun Life.

Am I required to apply for Other Income Benefits?

You must apply for any Other Income Benefits for which you may be eligible. If such benefits are denied, you must appeal the denial to all administrative levels that Sun Life deems necessary. Sun Life has the right to receive from you written documentation of your pursuit of Other Income Benefits.

What is the Social Security Disability Income Assistance Program?

At your request, Sun Life will assist you (if appropriate) through the various levels of the Social Security claims process. Sun Life will assist you with your application and also through the appeals process.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

Are any of my Other Income Benefits estimated?

Sun Life has the right to estimate the amount of any Other Income Benefits you are eligible to receive during your Total or Partial Disability, and to reduce the LTD benefit payments by the estimated amount. Sun Life will estimate the amount if, at the time of calculating any LTD benefit payments, the Other Income Benefit you may be eligible to receive has not been awarded nor denied, or if the Other Income Benefit has been denied and is being appealed. This estimate will be used to reduce the amount of your monthly LTD benefit payments until the Other Income Benefit has been awarded or denied. However, the estimate will not be used if you meet the following conditions:

- you have applied for the Other Income Benefits; and
- you agree to appeal any denials of Other Income Benefits to all administrative levels Sun Life deems necessary; and
- you complete and sign the Sun Life Reimbursement Agreement.

What happens when the Other Income Benefits have been awarded or have been denied?

You must notify Sun Life in writing, within 31 days of receipt of notice, of the amount of Other Income Benefits when it is approved or if the amount is adjusted (other than for cost of living increases). Sun Life will make an adjustment to the Net Monthly Benefit when Sun Life receives written notice of the amount of the Other Income Benefit.

If after Sun Life makes an adjustment to your Net Monthly Benefit you have been underpaid, Sun Life will immediately make a lump sum refund to you of the amount that has been underpaid.

If after Sun Life makes an adjustment to your Net Monthly Benefit you have been overpaid, you must reimburse Sun Life the amount of the overpayment within 31 days of the award. Sun Life has the right to reduce or eliminate your future LTD benefit payments until the amount of the overpayment has been repaid. During the overpayment reimbursement period, the Minimum Monthly Benefit will not apply.

What happens if I receive increases in my Other Income Benefits?

After the first deduction for each of your Other Income Benefits, Sun Life will not reduce your monthly LTD benefit payments due to cost of living increases you receive from any sources described as Other Income Benefits. This does not apply to any increase in earnings you receive from employment.

When does my monthly LTD benefit cease?

Your monthly LTD benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- the date you are no longer Totally or Partially Disabled.
- the date you die.
- the end of your Maximum Benefit Period.
- the date you do not provide adequate employment earnings information or proof that you continue to be Totally or Partially Disabled as requested.
- the date you refuse to complete a rehabilitative assessment, or the date you cease to participate in the Sun Life approved Rehabilitation Program without Good Cause.
- during the first 24 months of Partial Disability, the date your Disability Earnings are more than 80% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings.

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- after 24 months of Partial Disability, the date your Disability Earnings are more than 60% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings.
- for the first 24 months of Total or Partial Disability, the date Sun Life determines you are able to perform on a full-time basis, the Material and Substantial Duties of your Own Occupation, even if you choose not to work.
- after the first 24 months of Total or Partial Disability, the date Sun Life determines that you are able to perform on a full-time basis any Gainful Occupation for which you are or become reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience, even if you choose not to work.

Full-time basis means for the first 24 months of Total or Partial Disability, you are able or have the capacity to perform the Material and Substantial Duties of your Own Occupation for the number of hours you normally performed your Own Occupation prior to your Total or Partial Disability. After 24 months of Total or Partial Disability, you are able or have the capacity to perform any Gainful Occupation for the number of hours that you normally performed your Own Occupation prior to your Total or Partial Disability.

However, if you normally performed your Own Occupation on an average in excess of 40 hours per week, Sun Life will consider you as being able to perform that requirement if you work or have the capacity to work 40 hours per week.

What happens if I return to full-time work and become disabled again?

Sun Life will treat this new Total or Partial Disability as part of your prior Total or Partial Disability if you returned to work and were Actively at Work for less than:

- six months, if due to the same or related causes;
- one day, if due to an entirely unrelated cause.

You will not have to complete a new Elimination Period.

Your monthly LTD benefit will be subject to the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the original Total or Partial Disability.

Your monthly LTD benefit will not continue if:

- you become eligible for coverage under any other group LTD policy; or
- the Group Policy terminates; or
- the date you refuse to complete a rehabilitative assessment or the date you cease to participate in the Sun Life approved Rehabilitation Program without Good Cause.

If your new disability begins later than the time periods specified, you will need to complete a new Elimination Period.

What are the Rehabilitation Services?

If you become Totally or Partially Disabled, Sun Life may determine that you are a suitable candidate to receive vocational Rehabilitation Services. In order for you to be eligible for such services, you must have the functional capacity to successfully complete a Rehabilitation Program. These services include, but are not limited to:

- job modification;
- job placement;
- retraining;
- other activities reasonably necessary to help you return to work.

Sun Life may require you to participate in a rehabilitation assessment or a Rehabilitation Program at Sun Life's expense. Sun Life will work with you, your employer, your Physician and others, as appropriate, to develop a Rehabilitation Program.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

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Eligibility for vocational Rehabilitation Services is based on your education, training, experience and physical/mental capabilities. Sun Life determines whether you are eligible for vocational Rehabilitation Services.

The Rehabilitation Program may, at Sun Life's sole discretion, allow for payment of your medical expense, education expense, moving expense, accommodation expense or family care expense while you are participating in the Rehabilitation Program.

Rehabilitation Program means a written agreement between you and Sun Life in which Sun Life agrees to provide, arrange or authorize vocational, physical or psychiatric rehabilitation services and you agree to participate in the Rehabilitation Program.

What happens if I participate in a Rehabilitation Program?

If you participate in a Sun Life approved Rehabilitation Program, you will receive the greater of:

- your Benefit Percentage (as shown in the Benefit Highlights) multiplied by 1.10; or
- your current Net Monthly Benefit payable multiplied by 1.10.

To calculate the increased benefit:

1. Take your current Benefit Percentage and multiply by 1.10. Then calculate your Total or Partial Disability benefit including any deductions for Disability Earnings or Other Income Benefits.
2. Take your current Net Monthly Benefit payable and multiply by 1.10.

The greater of 1 or 2 is your Rehabilitation increased amount.

This increased amount will cease on the earliest of:

- the date you complete the Rehabilitation Program; or
- the date you cease to participate in the Rehabilitation Program without Good Cause; or
- the date your LTD benefits cease; or
- 12 months after your Rehabilitation Program began.

What happens if I refuse Rehabilitation Services?

If you refuse to participate in your rehabilitation efforts or you refuse to participate or cease to participate in a Rehabilitation Program without Good Cause, your LTD benefits will cease.

Good Cause means documented physical or mental impairments which prevent you from participating in or completing the Rehabilitation Program. Good Cause may also mean a necessary medical program which prevents or interferes with your participation in or completion of the Rehabilitation Program.

What happens to my LTD benefit if I die?

A Survivor Benefit equal to 3 times your last Gross Monthly Benefit is payable in a lump sum to your Eligible Survivor if Sun Life receives satisfactory proof that you died:

- after your Total or Partial Disability had continued for 180 or more consecutive days; and
- you were eligible to receive a monthly LTD benefit.

If you do not have an Eligible Survivor, the Survivor Benefit will be payable to your estate.

Who are my Eligible Survivors?

Your spouse, if living, or your children under age 26.

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What are the Limitations?

No LTD benefit will be payable to you for any Total or Partial Disability during any of the following periods:

- any period you are no longer under the regular and continuing care of a Physician providing appropriate treatment and regular examination and testing in accordance with your disabling condition unless you have reached your maximum point of recovery and are still Totally or Partially Disabled.
- any period you do not submit to any medical examination or clinical assessment requested by Sun Life.
- any period of your Total or Partial Disability that is due to Mental Illness, unless you are under the continuing care of a specialist in psychiatric care.

After you complete your Elimination Period, LTD benefits are payable for 24 months.

Benefits after the first 24 months are payable only if you are confined in a Hospital or Institution licensed to provide psychiatric treatment.

If you continue to be Totally or Partially Disabled when discharged from a Hospital or Institution licensed to provide psychiatric treatment, Sun Life will continue your LTD Benefit payment for up to 90 days. If you become reconfined in a Hospital or Institution during the 90 day period and remain confined for at least 14 consecutive days, Sun Life will continue your LTD benefit payments during your reconfinement. Upon discharge, you will be eligible for up to an additional 90 days of LTD benefit payments if you continue to be Totally or Partially Disabled.

- any period of your Total or Partial Disability that is due to Drug and Alcohol Illness, unless you are actively supervised by a Physician or rehabilitation counselor and are receiving continuing treatment from a rehabilitation center or a designated institution approved by Sun Life.

After you complete your Elimination Period, LTD benefits are payable for 24 months if, during the Elimination Period you:

- become confined in a Hospital or Institution licensed to provide Drug or Alcohol treatment; or
- begin participation in a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program acceptable to Sun Life.

Benefits after the first 24 months are payable only if you are confined in a Hospital or Institution licensed to provide Drug or Alcohol treatment.

- any period during which you are incarcerated.

What are the Exclusions?

No LTD benefit is payable for any Total or Partial Disability that is due to:

- intentionally self-inflicted injuries.
- war, declared or undeclared, or any act of war.
- your active participation in a riot, rebellion or insurrection.
- your committing or attempting to commit an assault, felony or other criminal act.
- your operation of any motorized vehicle while intoxicated.

Intoxicated means the minimum blood alcohol level required to be considered operating an automobile under the influence of alcohol in the jurisdiction where the accident occurred. For the purposes of this Exclusion, "Motorized Vehicle" includes, but is not limited to, automobiles, motorcycles, boats and snowmobiles.

- a Pre-Existing Condition.

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Pre-Existing Condition means during the 3 months prior to your Effective Date of Insurance, you received medical treatment, consultation, care or services, including diagnostic measures, or took prescribed drugs or medicines for the disabling condition.

Pre-Existing Condition for increases in amounts of insurance means during the 3 months prior to your Effective Date of any increase in your amount of insurance, you received medical treatment, consultation, care or services, including diagnostic measures, or took prescribed drugs or medicines for the disabling condition.

Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion Exception

The Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will not apply if your Total or Partial Disability begins later than 12 months after your Effective Date of Insurance or later than 12 months after your Effective Date of any increase in your amount of insurance.

However, the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion for increases does not apply to cost of living, contract or periodic salary review increases.

BENEFIT PROVISIONS

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What happens when my Employer transfers Insurance Carriers to Sun Life?

In order to prevent losing your insurance, Sun Life will provide the following coverage.

If you are not Actively at Work on October 1, 2012*, you will be insured if:

- you were insured under the prior insurer's group LTD policy at the time of the transfer; and
- you are a member of an Eligible Class; and
- premiums for you are paid up to date; and
- you are not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group LTD policy.

If you continue to be not Actively at Work and subsequently become Totally or Partially Disabled on or after October 1, 2012*, any LTD benefit payable will be the lesser of:

- the LTD benefit payable under the Group Policy; or
- the LTD benefit payable under the prior insurer's group LTD policy, had it remained in force.

Are Disabilities due to a Pre-existing Condition covered?

LTD benefits may be payable for a Total or Partial Disability if you were:

- insured under the prior insurer's group LTD policy at the time of transfer; and
- Actively at Work and insured under the Group Policy on October 1, 2012*.

Any benefit payable will be determined as follows:

1. if you have satisfied the Pre-Existing Condition Exception under the Group Policy, the LTD benefit will be based on the Group Policy's benefit provision.
2. if you cannot satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exception under the Group Policy, the prior insurer's pre-existing condition provision will be applied.
 - a. if you would have satisfied the prior insurer's pre-existing condition provision, considering time insured under both group policies, any benefit payable will be the lesser of:
 - i. the LTD benefit payable under the Group Policy; or
 - ii. the LTD benefit payable under the prior insurer's group LTD policy had it remained in force.
 - b. if you cannot satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exception of the Group Policy or if the pre-existing condition provision under the prior insurer's group LTD policy would apply, no LTD benefit will be paid.

All other provisions of Sun Life's Group Policy will apply.

* October 1, 2020 for All Eligible former Employees of Shape Security, Inc.

*April 1, 2021 for All Eligible former Employees of Volterra, Inc.

CLAIM PROVISIONS

How is a claim submitted?

To submit a claim, you or someone on your behalf must send Sun Life written Notice and Proof of Claim within the time limits specified. Your Employer has the Sun Life Notice and Proof of Claim forms.

When does written Notice of Claim have to be submitted?

for Long Term Disability - written notice of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 30 days before the end of your Elimination Period or, within 30 days after the termination of the Group Policy, if earlier.

If notice cannot be given within the applicable time period, Sun Life must be notified as soon as it is reasonably possible.

When Sun Life has received written notice of claim, Sun Life will send the forms for proof of claim. If the forms are not received within 15 days after written notice of claim is sent, proof of claim may be sent to Sun Life without waiting to receive the proof of claim forms.

When does written Proof of Claim have to be submitted?

for Long Term Disability - proof of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 90 days after the end of your Elimination Period.

If proof cannot be given within these time limits, proof must be given as soon as reasonably possible. Proof of claim may not be given later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required unless the individual is legally incompetent.

What is considered Proof of Claim?

Proof of Claim must consist of at least the following information:

- a description of the disability;
- the date the disability occurred; and
- the cause of the disability.

Proof of Claim may include, but is not limited to, police accident reports, autopsy reports, laboratory results, toxicology results, hospital records, x-rays, narrative reports, or other diagnostic testing materials as required.

Proof of Claim for disability must include evidence demonstrating the disability including, but not limited to, hospital records, Physician records, Psychiatric records, x-rays, narrative reports, or other diagnostic testing materials as appropriate for the disabling condition.

Proof must be satisfactory to Sun Life.

Sun Life may require as part of the Proof, authorizations to obtain medical and non-medical information.

Proof of your continued disability and regular and continuous care by a Physician must be given to Sun Life within 30 days of the request for proof.

When are benefits payable?

Benefits are payable when Sun Life receives satisfactory Proof of Claim.

CLAIM PROVISIONS

When will a decision on my claim be made?

Sun Life will send you a written notice of decision on your claim within a reasonable time after Sun Life receives the claim but not later than 45 days after receipt of the claim. If Sun Life cannot make a decision within 45 days after receiving your claim, Sun Life will request a 30 day extension as permitted by U.S. Department of Labor regulations. If Sun Life cannot render a decision within the extension period, Sun Life will request an additional 30 day extension. Any request for extension will specifically explain:

1. the standards on which entitlement to benefits is based;
2. the unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim; and
3. the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If a period of time is extended because you failed to provide necessary information, the period for making the benefit determination is tolled from the date Sun Life sends notice of the extension to you until the date on which you respond to the request for additional information. You will have at least 45 days to provide the specified information.

What if my claim is denied?

If Sun Life denies all or any part of your claim, you will receive a written notice of denial setting forth:

1. the specific reason or reasons for the denial;
2. the specific Group Policy provisions on which the denial is based;
3. your right to receive, upon request and free of charge, copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits;
4. a description of any additional material or information needed to prove entitlement to benefits and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
5. a description of the appeal procedures and time limits;
6. your right to bring a civil action under ERISA, §502(a) following an adverse determination on review;
7. the identity of an internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion, if any, that was relied upon to deny the claim and a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol or criterion or a statement that a copy is available free of charge upon request; and
8. the identity of any medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with the claim, regardless of whether the advice was relied upon to deny the claim.

Can I request a review of a claim denial?

If all or part of your claim is denied, you may request in writing a review of the denial within 180 days after receiving notice of denial.

You may submit written comments, documents, records or other information relating to your claim for benefits, and may request free of charge copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits.

Sun Life will review the claim on receipt of the written request for review, and will notify you of Sun Life's decision within a reasonable time but not later than 45 days after the request has been received. If an extension of time is required to process the claim, Sun Life will notify you in writing of the special circumstances requiring the extension and the date by which Sun Life expects to make a determination on review. The extension cannot exceed a period of 45 days from the end of the initial review period.

If a period of time is extended because you failed to provide information necessary to decide your claim, the period for making the decision on review is tolled from the date Sun Life sends notice of the extension to you until the date on which you respond to the request for additional information. You will have at least 45 days to provide the specified information.

What if my claim is denied on review?

If Sun Life denies all or any part of your claim on review, you will receive a written notice of denial setting forth:

1. the specific reason or reasons for the denial;
2. the specific Group Policy provisions on which the denial is based;

CLAIM PROVISIONS

3. your right to receive, upon request and free of charge, copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits;
4. your right to bring a civil action under ERISA, §502(a);
5. the identity of an internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion, if any, that was relied upon to deny the claim and a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol or criterion or a statement that a copy is available free of charge upon request;
6. the following statement: “You and your plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State Insurance regulatory agency.”; and
7. the identity of any medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with the appeal, regardless of whether the advice was relied upon to deny the appeal.

Who are benefits payable to?

Survivor Benefits are payable to your Eligible Survivor as defined in the Long Term Disability Income Benefit Provision.

All other benefits payable during your lifetime are payable to you.

If a benefit is payable to your estate, if you are a minor, or you are not competent, Sun Life has the right to pay an amount of the benefit up to \$5,000 to any of your relatives that Sun Life considers entitled. If Sun Life pays benefits in good faith to a relative, Sun Life will not have to pay those benefits again.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

How can statements made in any application for insurance be used?

All statements made in any application are considered representations and not warranties. No representation by you in applying for insurance under the Group Policy will be used to reduce or deny a claim unless a copy of your written application for insurance is or has been given to you or to your Beneficiary, if any.

No statement made by you relating to Evidence of Insurability for an initial, increased or additional amount of insurance, will be used in contesting the validity of that insurance, after such initial, increased or additional amount of insurance has been in force for a period of two years during that individual's lifetime. This statement must be contained in a form signed by that individual.

What happens if facts are misstated?

If relevant facts about you are not accurate:

- an equitable adjustment of premium will be made; and
- the true facts will be used to determine if and in what amount insurance is valid under the Group Policy.

If the amount of benefit depends on your age, the benefit will be the amount you would have been entitled to if your correct age were known.

What are Sun Life's examination rights?

Sun Life at its own expense, has the right to have any person, whose Injury or Sickness is the basis of a claim:

- examined by a Physician, other health professional or vocational expert of its choice; and/or
- interviewed by an authorized Sun Life representative.

This right may be used as often as reasonably required.

What are the time limits for legal proceedings?

No legal action may start:

- until 60 days after Proof of Claim has been given; nor
- more than 3 years after the time Proof of Claim is required.

Do these group benefits affect Workers' Compensation?

The Group Policy is not in lieu of, and does not affect, any requirement for coverage by Workers' Compensation Insurance.

Can the Policyholder act as a Sun Life agent?

For all purposes of the Group Policy, the Policyholder acts on its own behalf or as your agent. Under no circumstances will the Policyholder be deemed a Sun Life agent.

DEFINITIONS

These are some of the general terms you need to know.

Actively at Work means that you perform all the regular duties of your job for a full work day scheduled by your Employer at your Employer's normal place of business or a site where your Employer's business requires you to travel.

You are considered Actively at Work on any day that is not your regular scheduled work day (e.g., you are on vacation or holiday) as long as you were Actively at Work on your immediately preceding scheduled work day, and you:

- are not hospital confined; or
- are not disabled due to an injury or sickness.

You are considered Actively at Work if you usually perform the regular duties of your job at your home as long as you can perform all the regular duties of your job for a full work day and could do so at your Employer's normal place of business, if required, and you:

- are not hospital confined; or
- are not disabled due to an injury or sickness.

Eligibility Date means the date or dates you become eligible for insurance under the Group Policy. Classes eligible for insurance are shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Employee (You) means a person who is employed by the Employer within the United States, scheduled to work at least the number of hours shown in the Benefit Highlights, and paid regular earnings. If you are working on a temporary assignment outside of the United States for a period of 48 months or less, you will be deemed to be working within the United States. If you are working outside of the United States for more than 48 months or other than on a temporary assignment, you will not be considered an Employee under the Group Policy unless Sun Life approves your eligibility in writing.

Employer means F5, Inc. and includes any Subsidiary or Affiliated company insured under the Group Policy.

Evidence of Insurability means a statement or records of your medical history upon which acceptance for insurance will be determined by Sun Life. In some cases, Sun Life may require that you submit to a paramedical examination, at Sun Life's expense, as part of the Evidence of Insurability.

Injury means bodily impairment resulting directly from an accident and independently of all other causes. Any Injury must occur and disability must begin while you are insured under the Group Policy.

Physician means an individual who is operating within the scope of his license and is either:

- licensed to practice medicine and prescribe and administer drugs or to perform surgery; or
- legally qualified as a medical practitioner and required to be recognized, under the Group Policy for insurance purposes, according to the insurance regulations of the governing jurisdiction.

The Physician cannot be you, your spouse or the parents, brothers, sisters or children of you or your spouse.

Pregnancy means childbirth, miscarriage, abortion or any disease resulting from or aggravated by the pregnancy.

Retirement Plan means a program which provides retirement benefits to you and is not funded entirely by your contributions. The term does not include a 401(k) plan, a 403(b) plan, a profit sharing plan, a thrift plan, an individual retirement account (IRA), a tax sheltered annuity (TSA), a stock ownership plan, or a nonqualified plan of deferred compensation.

Your Employer's Retirement Plan will include any Retirement Plan:

- which is part of any federal, state, county, municipal or association retirement system; and
- you are eligible for as a result of your employment with your Employer.

DEFINITIONS

Sickness means illness, disease or pregnancy. A disability, because of Sickness, must begin while you are insured under the Group Policy.

Waiting Period means the length of time immediately before your Eligibility Date during which you must be employed in an Eligible Class. Any period of time before the Group Policy Effective Date that you were Actively at Work for your Employer as a full-time Employee will count towards completion of your Waiting Period. The Waiting Period is shown in the Benefit Highlights.

DEFINITIONS

These are Long Term Disability Income Insurance terms you need to know.

Disability Earnings means the employment income you receive while Partially Disabled or income you receive while participating in an approved Rehabilitation program. Disability Earnings does not include income you receive from work performed prior to your Total or Partial Disability, nor income that is not derived from work performed.

Drug and Alcohol Illness means an illness which results from the abuse of alcohol, drugs or derivatives.

Elimination Period means a period of continuous days of your Total or Partial Disability when no LTD benefit is payable. Your Elimination Period is shown in the Benefit Highlights and begins on your first day of Total or Partial Disability.

If you return to work for 15 working days or less during your Elimination Period and cannot continue working, your Total or Partial Disability will be treated as continuous. Only those days that you are Totally or Partially Disabled will count toward satisfying your Elimination Period.

Family Social Security means benefits that are paid to your eligible spouse and/or children under the Federal Social Security Act as a result of your Total or Partial Disability.

Gainful Occupation means employment that is or can be expected to provide you with an income of at least 60% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings.

Gross Monthly Benefit means your monthly LTD benefit before any reduction of Other Income Benefits and before any reduction of Disability Earnings.

Indexed Total Monthly Earnings means your Total Monthly Earnings prior to the date your Total or Partial Disability began adjusted on the first of the month following 12 calendar months of Partial Disability Benefit payments, and each annual anniversary thereafter. Each adjustment to the Indexed Total Monthly Earnings is the lesser of 10% or the current annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for Wage Earners and Clerical Workers, as published monthly by the U.S. Department of Labor. Sun Life reserves the right to use some other similar measurement if the Department of Labor changes or stops publishing the Consumer Price Index.

Material and Substantial Duties means, but is not limited to, the essential tasks, functions, skills or responsibilities required by employers for the performance of your Own Occupation. Material and Substantial Duties does not include any tasks, functions, skills or responsibilities that could be reasonably modified or omitted from your Own Occupation.

Maximum Monthly Benefit means the largest amount payable monthly to you. The Maximum Monthly Benefit is shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Mental Illness means mental, nervous, emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, cognitive, mood or stress-related abnormality, disorder, dysfunction or syndrome regardless of cause, including any biological or biochemical disorder or imbalance of the brain. Mental Illness includes, but is not limited to, bipolar affective disorder, schizophrenia, psychotic illness, manic depressive illness, depression and depressive disorders, anxiety and anxiety disorders, and any other mental and nervous condition classified in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual (DSM) of the American Psychiatric Association in effect on the date of Total or Partial Disability, or a comparable manual if the American Psychiatric Association stops publishing the (DSM).

Own Occupation means the usual and customary employment, business, trade, profession or vocation that you performed as it is generally recognized in the national economy immediately prior to the first date Total or Partial Disability began. Own Occupation is not limited to the job or position you performed for your Employer or performed at any specific location.

Partial Disability or Partially Disabled means, during the Elimination Period and the next 24 months, you, because of your Injury or Sickness, are unable to perform the Material and Substantial Duties of your Own Occupation and you have Disability Earnings of less than 80% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings. After Total or Partial Disability benefits combined have been paid to you for 24 months, you will continue to be Partially Disabled if you are unable to perform with

DEFINITIONS

reasonable continuity any Gainful Occupation for which you are or become reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience, and you have Disability Earnings of less than 60% of your Indexed Total Monthly Earnings.

The loss of your professional or occupational license or your inability to obtain or qualify for a license for any reason does not, in itself, constitute Partial Disability.

To qualify for benefits, you must satisfy your Elimination Period with the required number of days of Total Disability, Partial Disability or a combination of days of Total and Partial Disability.

Primary Social Security means benefits paid to you under the Federal Social Security Act if you become Totally or Partially Disabled.

Social Security means the Federal Social Security Act which provides social insurance on a national scale.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled means during your Elimination Period and the next 24 months, you, because of your Injury or Sickness, are unable to perform the Material and Substantial Duties of your Own Occupation. After Total or Partial Disability benefits combined have been paid to you for 24 months, you will continue to be considered Totally Disabled if you are unable to perform, with reasonable continuity, any Gainful Occupation for which you are or become reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience.

The loss of your professional or occupational license or your inability to obtain or qualify for a license for any reason does not, in itself, constitute Total Disability.

To qualify for benefits, you must satisfy your Elimination Period with the required number of days of Total Disability, Partial Disability or a combination of days of Total and Partial Disability.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

DOMESTIC PARTNER COVERAGE CERTIFICATE ENDORSEMENT

Effective October 1, 2012, this endorsement is attached to Group Policy Number 223799-001.

The term “spouse” also includes a domestic partner wherever it appears in the certificate.

Domestic Partner is as defined in the Employer’s plan document.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A. Connor', followed by a period.

Dean A. Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

SOCIAL SECURITY INCENTIVE ENDORSEMENT

Effective October 1, 2012, the following provision is added to Group Certificate No. 223799-001

The following is added to the Social Security Offset in “What are Other Income Benefits?” of the LTD Benefit Section:

For the first 24 months following the first date your Total or Partial Disability begins, any Social Security disability benefits you or your dependent spouse, child or children receive, will not be considered Other Income.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Dean A. Connor', with a period at the end.

Dean A. Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

ASSISTED LIVING BENEFIT RIDER

Effective October 1, 2012, the following Assisted Living Benefit is added to Group Policy Number 223799-001 Long Term Disability Income Benefit Provision.

What is an Assisted Living Benefit?

An Assisted Living Benefit may be payable if you are receiving a Total Disability Benefit and you are also Cognitively Impaired or you are unable to safely and completely perform 2 or more of the Activities of Daily Living without another person's assistance or verbal cueing. Your Cognitive Impairment, or your inability to perform 2 or more of the Activities of Daily Living must begin on or after your date of Total Disability and be expected to continue for 90 or more days.

How is the Assisted Living Benefit Calculated?

The monthly Assisted Living Benefit is the lesser of:

- 20% of your Total Monthly Earnings; or
- the Maximum Monthly Benefit as shown in the Benefit Highlights; or
- \$5,000.

The Assisted Living Benefit is payable in addition to the Total Disability Benefit and is not reduced by Other Income Benefits.

When does the Assisted Living Benefit cease?

The Assisted Living Benefit ceases on the earliest of:

- the date you are no longer eligible to receive Total Disability Benefits; or
- the date you are no longer Cognitively Impaired or you are able to perform all of the Activities of Daily Living without another person's assistance or verbal cueing; or
- the date you die.

Sun Life may require periodic proof of the continuance of your Cognitive Impairment or your inability to perform 2 or more of the Activities of Daily Living.

Definitions

Activities of Daily Living means:

- Bathing - the ability to wash, either in the tub or shower or by sponge bath, with or without equipment or adaptive devices.
- Dressing - the ability to put on and take off all garments and medically necessary braces or artificial limbs usually worn.
- Toileting - the ability to get to and from and on and off the toilet, to maintain a reasonable level of personal hygiene, and to care for clothing.
- Transferring - the ability to move in and out of a chair or bed with or without equipment such as canes, quad canes, walkers, crutches or grab bars or other support devices including mechanical or motorized devices.
- Continence - the ability to either:
 - voluntarily control bowel and bladder function; or
 - if incontinent, be able to maintain a reasonable level of personal hygiene.
- Eating - the ability to get nourishment into the body.

Cognitively Impaired means an individual has a deterioration or loss in intellectual capacity resulting from injury, sickness, advanced age or Alzheimer's disease and similar forms of irreversible dementia and the individual needs another person's assistance or verbal cueing for the individual's protection or for the protection of others.

The extent of Cognitive Impairment is determined by clinical evidence and standardized tests which reliably measure the deterioration or loss in the following areas:

- short or long term memory
- orientation as to:
 - person
 - place
 - time; and
- deductive or abstract reasoning

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Dean A. Connor', with a period at the end.

Dean A. Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

CHILD CARE BENEFIT RIDER

Effective October 1, 2012, the following provision is added to Group Certificate No. 223799-001 Long Term Disability Income Benefit Provision.

What is the Child Care Benefit?

If you participate in a Sun Life approved Rehabilitation Program, a Child Care Benefit is payable if:

- you are receiving a monthly LTD benefit; and
- your Dependent Child is enrolled in a legally licensed Child Care Center; and
- your Dependent Child is under age 13.

Dependent Child means your natural, adopted or step child who is under age 13, dependent upon you for 50% or more of his/her support and living with you in a parent-child relationship.

What is the amount of the Child Care Benefit?

The monthly Child Care Benefit is the lesser of:

1. 100% of the actual charges by the Child Care Center incurred by you for your Child Care expenses; or
2. \$750.

The Child Care Benefit is payable upon receipt of satisfactory proof of paid expenses and that you have a Dependent Child enrolled in a legally licensed Child Care Center.

Child Care expenses do not include:

- charges for room and board; or
- charges for ordinary living, traveling or clothing expenses.

Child Care Center means a provider which is duly licensed, certified or accredited by the jurisdiction in which it is located, is run according to the laws and regulations applicable to child care facilities and which provides child care and supervision for children in a group setting on a regular basis. Child Care Center does not include a hospital, the child's home or care provided during the child's normal school hours.

When does my Child Care Benefit cease?

The Child Care Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- the date you cease to be Totally or Partially Disabled;
- the date you cease to participate in a Sun Life approved Rehabilitation Program;
- the date you have received 24 monthly Child Care Benefit payments;
- the end of your Maximum Benefit Period;
- the date you become eligible for any Group Long Term Disability coverage with another Employer;
- the date you die; or
- the date you do not provide proof to Sun Life that you continue to be Totally or Partially Disabled; or
- the date you no longer have a Dependent Child under age 13; or
- the date you fail to provide proof to Sun Life that you have an eligible Dependent Child enrolled in a Child Care Center.

What happens when my Child Care Benefits cease?

If you cease to be eligible for a Child Care Benefit, any amounts due to you or to Sun Life will be calculated based on 1/30th of the monthly benefit for each period of Total or Partial Disability which is less than a full month.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Dean A. Connor', with a period at the end.

Dean A. Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

COBRA CONTINUANCE PREMIUM BENEFIT RIDER

Effective October 1, 2012, the following provision is added to Group Certificate No. 223799-001 Long Term Disability Income Benefit Provision

What is the COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit?

Sun Life will pay you a COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit if you are receiving Total or Partial Disability benefits and you elect to continue your Medical and /or Dental insurance as required by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended, including changes made by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA).

When am I eligible for the COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit?

You are eligible to receive the COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit if you satisfy all of the following conditions:

1. you are Totally or Partially Disabled and are receiving a monthly LTD Benefit; and
2. you have elected the COBRA Continuation under the Medical and/or Dental insurance plan sponsored by your Employer; and
3. you provide Sun Life with satisfactory proof on a quarterly basis that you are making premium payments to your Employer for the COBRA Continuation of Medical and /or Dental insurance.

What is the amount of the COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit?

The COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit is the lesser of:

1. \$400 per month; or
2. the actual amount you pay to your Employer to continue your Medical and/or Dental insurance pursuant to COBRA.

Payment of the COBRA Continuation Premium Benefit will not result in a reduction of your Monthly LTD Benefit.

When does my COBRA Continuation Benefit cease?

The COBRA Continuation Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

1. the date you are no longer Totally or Partially Disabled; or
2. the end of your Maximum Benefit Period; or
3. the date your COBRA Continuation under your Employer sponsored Medical and/or Dental plan ends; or
4. the date you fail to give Sun Life the required proof that you are making premium payments to your Employer for the COBRA Continuation of your Medical and/or Dental insurance.

What happens when my COBRA Continuation Benefit ceases?

If you discontinue making premium payments to your Employer to continue your Medical and/or Dental insurance pursuant to COBRA, any amounts due to you or refundable to Sun Life will be calculated based on 1/30th of the monthly benefit for each day of a period of Total or Partial Disability that is less than a full month.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA



Dean A. Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

RETRO DISABILITY BENEFIT

Effective October 1, 2012, the following Retro Disability Benefit is added to Group Certificate No. 223799-001 Long Term Disability Income Benefit Provision

What is a Retro Disability Benefit?

If you are receiving a Total Disability Benefit, an additional Retro Disability Benefit may be payable if Sun Life receives proof that you had a Retro Disability that was due to the same Injury or Sickness that caused your Total Disability.

What is the amount of the Retro Disability Benefit?

The Retro Disability Benefit is your Gross Monthly Benefit multiplied by the number of months (each 30 days) in your Elimination Period. This amount is not subject to reduction due to Other Income.

When is the Retro Disability Benefit Paid?

If Sun Life receives proof within 90 days following completion of your Elimination Period of your Retro Disability, the Retro Disability Benefit will be paid immediately to you in a single lump sum amount.

Any Long Term Disability Benefits payable after completion of your Elimination Period will be subject to the terms of the Group Policy including reductions by any Other Income.

Definitions

Retro Disability means an Injury or Sickness that results in:

1. Hospital Confinement that begins on the date you become Totally Disabled or within 48 hours of the date your Total Disability begins; and
2. such Hospital Confinement continues for at least 14 consecutive days; and
3. your Total Disability remains continuous throughout your Elimination Period.

Hospital Confinement means admission to a Hospital as a registered inpatient due to an Injury or Sickness. The confinement must be on the advice of a Physician and medically necessary according to generally accepted medical standards. Confinement to an emergency room, outpatient treatment room, or observation unit is not considered a Hospital Confinement.

Hospital means a facility licensed in the applicable jurisdiction that provides medical care and treatment to sick and injured persons on an inpatient basis with 24 hour nursing service by or under the supervision of a Physician. Hospital does not include a rest home, a place of convalescence, rehabilitative care, custodial care or a place primarily for the treatment of drug addicts or alcoholics.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA



Dean A. Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

F5, Inc. Employee Benefit Plan (The Plan) has been established to provide welfare benefits for its employees.

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) requires that the Plan Administrator provide you with a Summary Plan Description which discloses required information about the employee benefit plan. The following section entitled "Summary Plan Description" is not part of the Group Insurance Policy. The information in the Summary Plan Description is provided by the Policyholder and is included in this Booklet/Certificate for your convenience. Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or sufficiency of the information in the Summary Plan Description.

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

Plan Sponsor: F5, Inc.
801 5th Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

Plan Administrator: F5, Inc.
801 5th Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

The Plan Administrator has authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan.

Subsidiaries/Affiliates: NGINX, Inc., and Shape Security, Inc.

Agent for Service of Legal Process:

F5, Inc.
801 5th Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

Employer Identification Number (EIN): 91-1714307

Plan Number: 505

End of Plan Year: September 30th

Type of Administration: The Plan is administered by the Plan Administrator. The benefits provided by the Group Insurance Policy issued by Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada are included in the Plan.

Participants: The insured employees described in the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada Booklet/Certificate.

Plan Changes and Termination: The Plan Administrator may amend, modify or terminate the Plan.

Contributions: The cost of your benefits under the Plan is paid for by your employer and (if applicable) includes the cost of any insurance premiums contributed by you.

Funding: Sun Life provides the Plan Administrator with certain insurance benefits in connection with the Plan. Those insurance benefits are described in your Booklet/Certificate.

Claims Procedure: When you or your beneficiary wish to file a claim under the Plan, you should contact your personnel office for claim forms and instructions for filing. Your Booklet/Certificate explains the procedure for filing a claim under the Group Insurance Policy.

If your claim for benefits is denied in whole or in part, you will receive a written notice within the time required by ERISA from the date you filed your claim, stating the reasons why your claim was denied. You will then have the right, upon written notice from you or your authorized representative, to review that claim denial. The claim denial notice will

include the name and address of the person you may ask for such a review. Additional information about claims submitted and review procedures may be obtained by contacting your Plan Administrator.

Your Rights under ERISA:

As a participant in the Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) **filed** by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights

If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of Plan Documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance of the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Your Questions

If you have questions about your Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

